

## ASDA3 Analysis Examples Replication Chapter 9

### R Code

```
# Data production prior to analysis examples
```

```
setwd("P:/ASDA3/Replication R/Chapter 9")
```

```
getwd()
```

```
# Data production
```

```
library (sas7bdat)
```

```
library (survey)
```

```
library (brms)
```

```
library (csSampling)
```

```
# NHANES
```

```
# library(haven)
```

```
# example of how to read in from SAS, not used here
```

```
# data <- read_sas("<path to your SAS file>")
```

```
# nhanesdata <- read_sas("P:\\ASDA3\\Replication SAS\\nhanes1112_f.sas7bdat")
```

```
# load nhanes1112.rdata
```

```
load ("P:/ASDA3/Data Sets for Analysis Examples and Stata R Code/nhanes1112.rdata")
```

```
nhanesdata <- nhanes1112
```

```
summary(nhanesdata)
```

```
#create factor variables
```

```
nhanesdata$racec <- factor(nhanesdata$ridreth1, levels = 1: 5 , labels =c("Mexican", "Other Hispanic", "White",  
"Black", "Other"))
```

```
nhanesdata$marcatc <- factor(nhanesdata$marcat, levels = 1: 3, labels =c("Married", "Previously Married", "Never  
Married"))
```

```
nhanesdata$edcatc <- factor(nhanesdata$edcat, levels = 1: 4, labels =c("0-11", "12", "13-15", "16+"))
```

```
nhanesdata$bp_catc <- factor(nhanesdata$bp_cat, levels = 1: 4, labels =c("Normal", "Pre-HBP", "Stage 1  
HBP", "Stage 2 HBP"))
```

```
#nhanesdata$agecsq <- (nhanesdata$age * nhanesdata$age)
```

```
names(nhanesdata)
```

```
nhanessvy2 <- svydesign(strata=~sdmvstra, id=~sdmvpsu, weights=~wtmec2yr, data=nhanesdata, nest=T)
```

```
subnhanes <- subset(nhanessvy2 , age >= 18)
```

```
names (nhanessvy2)
```

```
# NCSR-R
```

```
load ("P:/ASDA3/Data Sets for Analysis Examples and Stata R Code/ncsr.rdata")
```

```
names(ncsr)
```

```
summary(ncsr)
```

```
#create factor versions with labels
```

```
ncsr$racec <- factor(ncsr$racecat, levels = 1: 4, labels =c("Other", "Hispanic", "Black", "White"))
```

```
ncsr$mar3catc <- factor(ncsr$mar3cat, levels = 1: 3, labels =c("Married", "Previously Married", "Never  
Married"))
```

```
ncsr$ed4catc <- factor(ncsr$ed4cat, levels = 1: 4, labels =c("0-11", "12", "13-15", "16+"))
```

```
ncsr$ssexc <- factor(ncsr$ssex, levels = 1:2, labels=c("Male", "Female"))
```

```
ncsr$sag4catc <- factor(ncsr$sag4cat, levels = 1:4, labels=c("18-29", "30-44", "45-59", "60+"))
```

```
ncsr$mdec <- factor(ncsr$mde, level = 1:2, labels=c("No", "Yes"))
```

```
# part 1 data n=9282
```

```
ncsrsvp1 <- svydesign(strata=~sestrat, id=~seclustr, weights=~ncsrwtsh, data=ncsr, nest=T)
```

```

names (ncsrsvyp1)

# part 2 data n=5692
ncsrp2 <- subset(ncsr, !is.na(ncsrwtlg))
ncsrsvyp2 <- svydesign(strata=~sestrat, id=~seclustr, weights=~ncsrwtlg, data=ncsrp2, nest=T)
names (ncsrsvyp2)

# rescale weight to sum to population in 2001
ncsr$popweight <- (ncsr$ncsrwtsh*(209128094/9282))

ncsrsvypop <- svydesign(strata=~sestrat, id=~seclustr, weights=~popweight, data=ncsr, nest=T)
summary(ncsrsvypop)

# HRS
# HH and respondent weights are needed plus financial respondent indicator for hh level analysis
load ("P:/ASDA3/Data Sets for Analysis Examples and Stata R Code/hrs12.rdata")
names(hrs12)

hrssvyhh <- svydesign(strata=~stratum, id=~secu, weights=~nwgthh , data=hrs12, nest=T)
summary(hrssvyhh)

hrssvysub <-subset(hrssvyhh, nfinr==1)
summary(hrssvysub)

hrssvyr <- svydesign(strata=~stratum, id=~secu, weights=~nwgtr , data=hrs12, nest=T)
summary(hrssvyr)

# Chapter 9 Analysis Examples

# Figure 9.2 Bar chart of work status NCS-R data
fig92 <- svymean( ~factor(wkstat3c), ncsrsvyp2, na.rm=T)
fig92

png("P:/ASDA3/Replication R/Chapter 9/fig92_bar.png")
barplot(fig92, legend=c("Employed", "Unemployed", "NLF") , col=c("black", "grey60", "blue"))
dev.off()

# Tests for Potential Predictors of Work Status
svychisq(~wkstat3c +sex, ncsrsvyp2, statistic="F")
svychisq(~wkstat3c +ald, ncsrsvyp2, statistic="F")
svychisq(~wkstat3c +mde, ncsrsvyp2, statistic="F")
svychisq(~wkstat3c +ed4cat, ncsrsvyp2, statistic="F")
svychisq(~wkstat3c +ag4cat, ncsrsvyp2, statistic="F")
svychisq(~wkstat3c +mar3cat, ncsrsvyp2, statistic="F")

# Note: Use svyVGAM Package for the Multinomial model, install/load package
library(svyVGAM)

# run model for Table 9.2
ex9_2_6 <- svy_vglm(wkstat3c ~ factor(ag4cat) + factor(sex) + ald + mde + factor(ed4cat) +
factor(mar3cat), family=multinomial(refLevel=1), design=ncsrsvyp2)
summary(ex9_2_6)
coef(ex9_2_6)
confint(ex9_2_6)
exp(coef(ex9_2_6))

# Note that intercepts and signs differ from other software due to differences in how reference

```

```

# groups/intercepts are handled but the conclusions are similar

# NOTE: MARGINAL EFFECTS EXAMPLE ARE FORTHCOMING, CHECK WEBSITE FOR UPDATES!

# Alternate Bayesian approach for Section 9.2.6.1
library(csSampling)

# Part 2 of the NCS-R survey, use correct weight ncsrwtlg in filter and design set up
ncsr$marcatc <- factor(ncsr$mar3cat, levels = 1:3, labels =c("Married", "Previously Married", "Never Married"))
ncsr$edcatc <- factor(ncsr$ed4cat, levels = 1:4, labels =c("0-11", "12", "13-15", "16+"))
ncsr$sexc <- factor(ncsr$sex, levels = 1:2, labels=c("Male", "Female"))
ncsr$sexc <- relevel(ncsr$sexc, ref="Female")
ncsr$agcatc <- factor(ncsr$ag4cat, levels = 1:4, labels=c("18-29", "30-44", "45-59", "60+"))
ncsr$wkstatc <- factor(ncsr$wkstat3c, levels = 1:3, labels=c("Emp", "Unemp", "NLF"))

ncsr.lg <- ncsr[!is.na(ncsr$ncsrwtlg),]

# Create complete data set with variables of interest
ncsr.red <- ncsr.lg[, c("wkstatc", "marcatc", "edcatc", "sexc", "agcatc", "ald", "mde", "seclustr", "sestrat",
"ncsrwtlg")]
ncsr.red <- ncsr.red[complete.cases(ncsr.red),]

# Normalize weights to match what is done for Stan modeling
ncsr.red$wtsc <- ncsr.red$ncsrwtlg / mean(ncsr.red$ncsrwtlg)

# Survey design object
ncsr.des <- svydesign(id = -seclustr, strata = -sestrat, weights = -wtsc, nest = T, data = ncsr.red)

# Bayesian approach, flat prior
set.seed(41279)
model_formula <- formula("wkstatc|weights(wtsc) ~ sexc + ald + mde + edcatc + agcatc + marcatc")
mod.brms <- cs_sampling_brms(svydes = ncsr.des, brmsmod = brmsformula(model_formula), data = ncsr.red, family =
categorical(link = "logit"))
mod.brms$stan_fit

# Ordinal Regression with Russian Federation Data, Section 9.3.6
load ("P:\\ASDA3\\Data Sets for Analysis Examples and Stata R Code\\ess6_russia.rdata")

# Prepare needed outcome variable
ess6_russia$stflife2[ess6_russia$stflife >= 0 & ess6_russia$stflife <= 1] <- 1
ess6_russia$stflife2[ess6_russia$stflife >= 2 & ess6_russia$stflife <= 4] <- 2
ess6_russia$stflife2[ess6_russia$stflife == 5] <- 3
ess6_russia$stflife2[ess6_russia$stflife >= 6 & ess6_russia$stflife <= 8] <- 4
ess6_russia$stflife2[ess6_russia$stflife >= 9 & ess6_russia$stflife <= 10] <- 5

rfdata_c9 <- ess6_russia
summary(rfdata_c9)

# Create factor variable
rfdata_c9$marcatc <- factor(rfdata_c9$marcat, levels = 1:3, labels =c("Married", "Previous", "Never"))
str(rfdata_c9)

rfsvy <- svydesign(strata=~stratify, id=~psu, weights=~pspwght, data=rfdata_c9, nest=T)

ex936 <- svymean(~factor(stflife2), design=rfsvy, na.rm=T, se=T, ci=T, keep.vars=T)
(ex936)

png("P:/ASDA3/Replication R/Chapter 9/fig96_bar2.png")

```

```

barplot(ex936, legend=c("0-1", "2-4", "5", "6-8", "9-10") ,
  col=c("black", "grey60", "blue", "red", "green"))
dev.off()

# Ordinal logistic using satisfaction with life, Tables 9.6 and 9.7
summary(ex936_ordinal <- svyolr (factor(stflife2) ~ factor(agecat) + male + marcatc, design=rfsvy))
#exp for odds ratio
exp(ex936_ordinal$coef)
# Note test of Proportional Odds not included but there are ways to extend svyolr, see T. Lumley notes online for
details

# Bayesian approach Example 9.3.6
# create complete data set with variables of interest

ess.red <- rfdata_c9[, c("stflife2", "agecat", "marcat", "male", "psu", "stratify", "pspwght")]
ess.red <- ess.red[complete.cases(ess.red),]

# need to normalize NCS-R weights to match what is done for Stan modeling
ess.red$wtsc <- ess.red$pspwght / mean(ess.red$pspwght)

# survey design object
ess.des <- svydesign(id = ~psu, strata = ~stratify, weights = ~wtsc, nest = T, data = ess.red)

# Bayesian approach, flat prior
set.seed(41279)
model_formula <- formula("stflife2|weights(wtsc) ~ factor(agecat) + factor(marcat) + male")

# Run model, note the family statement needs the below code, differs from the code in the book (per Matt
Williams)
mod.brms <- cs_sampling_brms(svydes = ess.des, brmsmod = brmsformula(model_formula),
  data = ess.red, family = brms::cumulative(link="logit"))
mod.brms$stan_fit

# Count Outcomes Section 9.4
# HRS data for Poisson Regression using Number of Falls

# Histogram of number of falls past 24 months
png("P:/ASDA3/Replication R/Chapter 9/fig96_bar.png")
svyhist(~numfalls24 , subset (hrssvyr, nage >=65), main="", col="grey80", xlab ="Histogram of Number of Falls
Past 24 Months")
dev.off()

# Poisson model
summary(hrs12)

# Create variables for example
hrs12$nage_c=(hrs12$nage - 74.5)
hrs12$bmi_c=(hrs12$r11bmi - 27.7)
hrs12$male=(hrs12$gender ==1)

# Create Design Object and then subset for 65 Plus
hrssvyr <- svydesign(strata=~stratum, id=~secu, weights=~nwgtr , data=hrs12, nest=T)
summary(hrssvyr)
hrssvy65 <- subset(hrssvyr, age65p==1)

# Table 9.10
summary(ex947_poisson <- svyglm(numfalls24 ~ male + nage_c + arthritis + diabetes + bmi_c, design=hrssvy65,
family=quasipoisson(log)))
coefficients <- exp(coef(ex947_poisson))

```

```
coefficients
ci_exp <- exp(confint(ex947_poisson))
ci_exp

# Negative Binomial via MASS with svyglm
library(MASS)

# negative binomial model to compare to Poisson Table 9.10
ex947_negb <- svyglm(numfalls24 ~ male + nage_c + arthritis + diabetes + bmi_c,
  design=hrssvy65, family=negative.binomial(theta = 1))
coef <- exp(coef(ex947_negb))
coef
ci_exp <- exp(confint(ex947_negb))
ci_exp

# Zero Inflated Negative Binomial not easily done but using extensions to R tools,
# can be done using a Frequentist or
# Bayesian Method, check our website for more examples to come for other models
```

## R Results

```
> # Chapter 9 ASDA3 Analysis Examples Replication
```

```
>
```

```
> # Data production prior to analysis examples
```

```
> setwd("P:/ASDA3/Replication R/Chapter 9")
```

```
> getwd()
```

```
[1] "P:/ASDA3/Replication R/Chapter 9"
```

```
>
```

```
> # Data production
```

```
> library (sas7bdat)
```

```
> library (survey)
```

```
> library (brms)
```

```
> library (csSampling)
```

```
>
```

```
>
```

```
> # load nhanes1112.rdata
```

```
> load ("P:/ASDA3/Data Sets for Analysis Examples and Stata R Code/nhanes1112.rdata")
```

```
> nhanesdata <- nhanes1112
```

```
> summary(nhanesdata)
```

seqn	ridstatr	riagendr	ridreth1	dmdmart1	wtint2yr
Min. :62161	Min. :1.000	Min. :1.000	Min. :1.000	Min. : 1.000	Min. : 3321
1st Qu.:64600	1st Qu.:2.000	1st Qu.:1.000	1st Qu.:3.000	1st Qu.: 1.000	1st Qu.: 11352
Median :67039	Median :2.000	Median :2.000	Median :3.000	Median : 2.000	Median : 18098
Mean :67039	Mean :1.957	Mean :1.502	Mean :3.229	Mean : 2.749	Mean : 31426
3rd Qu.:69477	3rd Qu.:2.000	3rd Qu.:2.000	3rd Qu.:4.000	3rd Qu.: 5.000	3rd Qu.: 34887
Max. :71916	Max. :2.000	Max. :2.000	Max. :5.000	Max. :99.000	Max. :220233
				NA's :4196	
wtmec2yr	sdmvpsu	sdmvstra	indfmpir	bpxsy1	bpxdi1
Min. : 0	Min. :1.000	Min. : 90.00	Min. :0.000	Min. : 74.0	Min. : 0.0
1st Qu.: 11174	1st Qu.:1.000	1st Qu.: 92.00	1st Qu.:0.860	1st Qu.:106.0	1st Qu.: 60.0
Median : 18090	Median :2.000	Median : 96.00	Median :1.630	Median :116.0	Median : 68.0
Mean : 31426	Mean :1.643	Mean : 95.87	Mean :2.205	Mean :119.2	Mean : 66.9
3rd Qu.: 34792	3rd Qu.:2.000	3rd Qu.: 99.00	3rd Qu.:3.580	3rd Qu.:128.0	3rd Qu.: 76.0
Max. :222580	Max. :3.000	Max. :103.00	Max. :5.000	Max. :238.0	Max. :120.0
			NA's :840	NA's :3000	NA's :3000
bpxsy2	bpxdi2	bpxsy3	bpxdi3	bpxsy4	bpxdi4
Min. : 74.0	Min. : 0.00	Min. : 74.0	Min. : 0.00	Min. : 78	Min. : 0.00
1st Qu.:106.0	1st Qu.: 58.00	1st Qu.:106.0	1st Qu.: 58.00	1st Qu.:104	1st Qu.: 64.00
Median :116.0	Median : 68.00	Median :116.0	Median : 68.00	Median :116	Median : 72.00
Mean :118.7	Mean : 66.28	Mean :118.2	Mean : 65.91	Mean :119	Mean : 71.78
3rd Qu.:128.0	3rd Qu.: 76.00	3rd Qu.:128.0	3rd Qu.: 76.00	3rd Qu.:130	3rd Qu.: 82.00
Max. :234.0	Max. :134.00	Max. :232.0	Max. :128.00	Max. :226	Max. :130.00
NA's :2848	NA's :2848	NA's :2839	NA's :2839	NA's :9309	NA's :9309
bmx bmi	lbxtc	age18p	irregular	edcat	age
Min. :12.40	Min. : 59.0	Min. :0.0000	Min. :0.0000	Min. :1.000	Min. : 0.0
1st Qu.:19.30	1st Qu.:154.0	1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.:1.000	1st Qu.: 9.0
Median :24.50	Median :179.0	Median :1.0000	Median :0.0000	Median :2.000	Median :26.0
Mean :25.34	Mean :183.2	Mean :0.6011	Mean :0.0134	Mean :2.102	Mean :31.4
3rd Qu.:29.80	3rd Qu.:209.0	3rd Qu.:1.0000	3rd Qu.:0.0000	3rd Qu.:3.000	3rd Qu.:52.0
Max. :82.10	Max. :523.0	Max. :1.0000	Max. :1.0000	Max. :4.000	Max. :80.0
NA's :1154	NA's :2768		NA's :729	NA's :1602	
marcat	pre_hibp	bp_cat	ag1829	ag3044	ag4559
Min. :1.000	Min. :0.0000	Min. :1.000	Min. :0.000	Min. :0.0000	Min. :0.0000
1st Qu.:1.000	1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.:1.000	1st Qu.:0.000	1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.:0.0000
Median :1.000	Median :0.0000	Median :1.000	Median :1.000	Median :0.0000	Median :0.0000
Mean :1.652	Mean :0.4357	Mean :1.546	Mean :0.532	Mean :0.1461	Mean :0.1384
3rd Qu.:2.000	3rd Qu.:1.0000	3rd Qu.:2.000	3rd Qu.:1.000	3rd Qu.:0.0000	3rd Qu.:0.0000
Max. :3.000	Max. :1.0000	Max. :4.000	Max. :1.000	Max. :1.0000	Max. :1.0000
NA's :4203	NA's :2701	NA's :2701			

ag60	mex	othhis	white	black	other
Min. :0.0000	Min. :0.0000	Min. :0.0000	Min. :0.0000	Min. :0.0000	Min. :0.0000
1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.:0.0000
Median :0.0000	Median :0.0000	Median :0.0000	Median :0.0000	Median :0.0000	Median :0.0000
Mean :0.1836	Mean :0.1389	Mean :0.1103	Mean :0.3047	Mean :0.275	Mean :0.1711
3rd Qu.:0.0000	3rd Qu.:0.0000	3rd Qu.:0.0000	3rd Qu.:1.0000	3rd Qu.:1.0000	3rd Qu.:0.0000
Max. :1.0000	Max. :1.0000	Max. :1.0000	Max. :1.0000	Max. :1.0000	Max. :1.0000

lbdhdd	lbdhddsi	lbdtcsl
Min. : 14.00	Min. :0.360	Min. : 1.530
1st Qu.: 43.00	1st Qu.:1.110	1st Qu.: 3.980
Median : 51.00	Median :1.320	Median : 4.630
Mean : 52.63	Mean :1.361	Mean : 4.738
3rd Qu.: 60.00	3rd Qu.:1.550	3rd Qu.: 5.400
Max. :175.00	Max. :4.530	Max. :13.520
NA's :2767	NA's :2767	NA's :2768

```

>
> #create factor variables
> nhanesdata$racec <- factor(nhanesdata$ridreth1, levels = 1: 5 , labels =c("Mexican", "Other Hispanic",
"White", "Black", "Other"))
> nhanesdata$marcatc <- factor(nhanesdata$marcat, levels = 1: 3, labels =c("Married", "Previously Married",
"Never Married"))
> nhanesdata$edcatc <- factor(nhanesdata$edcat, levels = 1: 4, labels =c("0-11", "12", "13-15","16+"))
> nhanesdata$bp_catc <- factor(nhanesdata$bp_cat, levels = 1: 4, labels =c("Normal", "Pre-HBP", "Stage 1
HBP","Stage 2 HBP"))
> #nhanesdata$agecsq <- (nhanesdata$age * nhanesdata$age)
>
> names(nhanesdata)
 [1] "seqn"      "ridstatr"  "riagendr"  "ridreth1"  "dmdmartl"  "wtint2yr"  "wtmec2yr"  "sdmvpsu"
 [9] "sdmvstra"  "indfmpir"  "bpxsy1"    "bpxdi1"    "bpxsy2"    "bpxdi2"    "bpxsy3"    "bpxdi3"
[17] "bpxsy4"    "bpxdi4"    "bmxbmi"    "lbxtc"     "age18p"    "irregular"  "edcat"     "age"
[25] "marcat"    "pre_hibp"  "bp_cat"    "ag1829"    "ag3044"    "ag4559"    "ag60"      "mex"
[33] "othhis"    "white"     "black"     "other"     "lbdhdd"    "lbdhddsi"  "lbdtcsl"   "racec"
[41] "marcatc"   "edcatc"    "bp_catc"
>
> nhanessvy2 <- svydesign(strata=~sdmvstra, id=~sdmvpsu, weights=~wtmec2yr, data=nhanesdata, nest=T)
> subnhanes <- subset(nhanessvy2 , age >= 18)
> names (nhanessvy2)
[1] "cluster"    "strata"      "has.strata"  "prob"        "allprob"     "call"        "variables"   "fpc"
[9] "pps"
>
>
>
> # NCSR-R
> load ("P:/ASDA3/Data Sets for Analysis Examples and Stata R Code/ncsr.rdata")
> names(ncsr)
 [1] "caseid"    "dsm_so"     "age"        "region"     "mar3cat"    "ed4cat"     "obese6ca"   "ncsrwtsh"  "ncsrwtlg"
[10] "sex"       "wkstat3c"  "sestrat"    "seclustr"   "ag4cat"     "racecat"    "mde"        "ald"        "sexf"
[19] "sexm"
>
> #create factor versions with labels
> ncsr$racec <- factor(ncsr$racecat, levels = 1: 4, labels =c("Other", "Hispanic", "Black", "White"))
> ncsr$mar3catc <- factor(ncsr$mar3cat, levels = 1: 3, labels =c("Married", "Previously Married", "Never
Married"))
> ncsr$ed4catc <- factor(ncsr$ed4cat, levels = 1: 4, labels =c("0-11", "12", "13-15", "16+"))
> ncsr$sexc <- factor(ncsr$sex, levels = 1:2, labels=c("Male", "Female"))
> ncsr$ag4catc <- factor(ncsr$ag4cat, levels = 1:4, labels=c("18-29", "30-44", "45-59", "60+"))
> ncsr$mdec <- factor(ncsr$mde, level = 1:2, labels=c("No", "Yes"))
>

```

```

> # part 1 data n=9282
> ncsrsvyp1 <- svydesign(strata=~sestrat, id=~seclustr, weights=~ncsrwtsh, data=ncsr, nest=T)
> names(ncsrsvyp1)
[1] "cluster"      "strata"      "has.strata"  "prob"      "allprob"    "call"      "variables"  "fpc"
[9] "pps"
>
> # part 2 data n=5692
> ncsr2 <- subset(ncsr, !is.na(ncsrwtlg))
> ncsrsvyp2 <- svydesign(strata=~sestrat, id=~seclustr, weights=~ncsrwtlg, data=ncsr2, nest=T)
> names(ncsrsvyp2)
[1] "cluster"      "strata"      "has.strata"  "prob"      "allprob"    "call"      "variables"  "fpc"
[9] "pps"
>
> # rescale weight to sum to population in 2001
> ncsr$popweight <- (ncsr$ncsrwtsh*(209128094/9282))
>
> ncsrsvypop <- svydesign(strata=~sestrat, id=~seclustr, weights=~popweight, data=ncsr, nest=T)
> summary(ncsrsvypop)
Stratified 1 - level Cluster Sampling design (with replacement)
With (84) clusters.
svydesign(strata = ~sestrat, id = ~seclustr, weights = ~popweight,
  data = ncsr, nest = T)
Probabilities:
  Min.  1st Qu.  Median    Mean  3rd Qu.  Max.
6.220e-06 3.821e-05 5.089e-05 5.313e-05 6.433e-05 2.621e-04
Stratum Sizes:
      1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
obs      91 108 123 134 124 113 188 157 140 126 107 108 98 79 109 107 74 86 113 260 309 297 269 286 378
design.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
actual.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
      26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42
obs      272 279 214 336 239 393 289 149 361 343 305 333 366 401 313 346 359
design.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
actual.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
Data variables:
 [1] "caseid"      "dsm_so"      "age"         "region"      "mar3cat"     "ed4cat"      "obese6ca"    "ncsrwtsh"
 [9] "ncsrwtlg"    "sex"         "wkstat3c"    "sestrat"     "seclustr"    "ag4cat"      "racecat"     "mde"
[17] "ald"         "sexf"        "sexm"        "racec"       "mar3catc"    "ed4catc"     "sexc"        "ag4catc"
[25] "mdec"        "popweight"
>
>
> # HRS
> # HH and respondent weights are needed plus financial respondent indicator for hh level analysis
> load("P:/ASDA3/Data Sets for Analysis Examples and Stata R Code/hrs12.rdata")
> names(hrs12)
 [1] "hhid"      "pn"          "r11bmi"      "nage"        "nfinr"       "gender"      "secu"        "stratum"
 [9] "nwgthh"    "nwgtr"       "h11atota"    "h11itot"     "marcat"      "edcat"       "racecat"     "diabetes"
[17] "numfalls24" "age65p"      "arthritis"
>
> hrssvyhh <- svydesign(strata=~stratum, id=~secu, weights=~nwgthh, data=hrs12, nest=T)
> summary(hrssvyhh)
Stratified 1 - level Cluster Sampling design (with replacement)
With (112) clusters.
svydesign(strata = ~stratum, id = ~secu, weights = ~nwgthh, data = hrs12,
  nest = T)
Probabilities:
  Min.  1st Qu.  Median    Mean  3rd Qu.  Max.
5.594e-05 1.806e-04 2.978e-04      Inf 5.727e-04      Inf
Stratum Sizes:

```

```

      1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
obs      352 627 366 333 276 334 384 403 367 334 261 370 209 159 177 136 276 185 295 371 332 182 107 68 83
design.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
actual.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2

      26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49
obs      302 588 432 499 533 514 457 560 483 306 542 196 370 366 669 510 489 777 691 601 687 447 297 333
design.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
actual.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2

      50 51 52 53 54 55 56
obs      685 548 153 145 56 179 152
design.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2
actual.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2

```

Data variables:

```

[1] "hhid"      "pn"          "r11bmi"      "nage"        "nfinr"       "gender"      "secu"        "stratum"
[9] "nwgthh"    "nwgtr"       "h11atota"    "h11itot"     "marcat"      "edcat"       "racecat"     "diabetes"
[17] "numfalls24" "age65p"      "arthritis"

```

```

>
> hrssvsub <- subset(hrssvyhh, nfinr==1)
> summary(hrssvsub)

```

Stratified 1 - level Cluster Sampling design (with replacement)

With (112) clusters.

```
subset(hrssvyhh, nfinr == 1)
```

Probabilities:

```

      Min. 1st Qu.  Median      Mean 3rd Qu.      Max.
5.594e-05 1.959e-04 3.110e-04      Inf 5.961e-04      Inf

```

Stratum Sizes:

```

      1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
obs      257 409 247 228 194 245 281 275 253 228 185 253 134 105 125 96 192 123 204 273 233 129 77 52 61
design.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
actual.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2

      26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49
obs      217 424 308 350 364 364 314 405 339 217 358 136 258 242 454 345 349 498 445 406 467 308 203 244
design.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
actual.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2

      50 51 52 53 54 55 56
obs      463 387 111 96 40 124 96
design.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2
actual.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2

```

Data variables:

```

[1] "hhid"      "pn"          "r11bmi"      "nage"        "nfinr"       "gender"      "secu"        "stratum"
[9] "nwgthh"    "nwgtr"       "h11atota"    "h11itot"     "marcat"      "edcat"       "racecat"     "diabetes"
[17] "numfalls24" "age65p"      "arthritis"

```

```

>
> hrssvyr <- svydesign(strata=~stratum, id=~secu, weights=~nwgtr , data=hrs12, nest=T)
> summary(hrssvyr)

```

Stratified 1 - level Cluster Sampling design (with replacement)

With (112) clusters.

```
svydesign(strata = ~stratum, id = ~secu, weights = ~nwgtr, data = hrs12,
nest = T)
```

Probabilities:

```

      Min. 1st Qu.  Median      Mean 3rd Qu.      Max.
5.034e-05 1.757e-04 2.874e-04      Inf 5.754e-04      Inf

```

Stratum Sizes:

```

      1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
obs      352 627 366 333 276 334 384 403 367 334 261 370 209 159 177 136 276 185 295 371 332 182 107 68 83
design.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
actual.PSU 2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2

      26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49
obs      302 588 432 499 533 514 457 560 483 306 542 196 370 366 669 510 489 777 691 601 687 447 297 333

```

```

design.PSU  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
actual.PSU  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
           50 51 52 53 54 55 56
obs         685 548 153 145 56 179 152
design.PSU  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
actual.PSU  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
Data variables:
 [1] "hhid"      "pn"        "r11bmi"    "nage"      "nfinr"     "gender"    "secu"      "stratum"
 [9] "nwgthh"    "nwgtr"     "h11atota"  "h11itot"   "marcat"    "edcat"     "racecat"   "diabetes"
[17] "numfalls24" "age65p"    "arthritis"

```

```

> # Chapter 9 Analysis Examples
> # Figure 9.2 Bar chart of work status NCS-R data
> fig92 <- svymean( ~factor(wkstat3c), ncsrsvyp2, na.rm=T)
> fig92
              mean      SE
factor(wkstat3c)1 0.647848 0.0103
factor(wkstat3c)2 0.051139 0.0052
factor(wkstat3c)3 0.301013 0.0094
>
> # Tests for Potential Predictors of Work Status
> svychisq(~wkstat3c +sex, ncsrsvyp2, statistic="F")

Pearson's X^2: Rao & Scott adjustment

data: svychisq(~wkstat3c + sex, ncsrsvyp2, statistic = "F")
F = 27.329, ndf = 1.875, ddf = 78.748, p-value = 2.171e-09

> svychisq(~wkstat3c +ald, ncsrsvyp2, statistic="F")

Pearson's X^2: Rao & Scott adjustment

data: svychisq(~wkstat3c + ald, ncsrsvyp2, statistic = "F")
F = 3.1249, ndf = 1.7248, ddf = 72.4410, p-value = 0.05716

> svychisq(~wkstat3c +mde, ncsrsvyp2, statistic="F")

Pearson's X^2: Rao & Scott adjustment

data: svychisq(~wkstat3c + mde, ncsrsvyp2, statistic = "F")
F = 4.6693, ndf = 1.7348, ddf = 72.8614, p-value = 0.01605

> svychisq(~wkstat3c +ed4cat, ncsrsvyp2, statistic="F")

Pearson's X^2: Rao & Scott adjustment

data: svychisq(~wkstat3c + ed4cat, ncsrsvyp2, statistic = "F")
F = 27.64, ndf = 5.1457, ddf = 216.1180, p-value < 2.2e-16

> svychisq(~wkstat3c +ag4cat, ncsrsvyp2, statistic="F")

Pearson's X^2: Rao & Scott adjustment

data: svychisq(~wkstat3c + ag4cat, ncsrsvyp2, statistic = "F")
F = 113.49, ndf = 4.9646, ddf = 208.5128, p-value < 2.2e-16

> svychisq(~wkstat3c +mar3cat, ncsrsvyp2, statistic="F")

Pearson's X^2: Rao & Scott adjustment

data: svychisq(~wkstat3c + mar3cat, ncsrsvyp2, statistic = "F")
F = 23.124, ndf = 3.1985, ddf = 134.3368, p-value = 1.229e-12

> # Note: Use svyVGAM Package for the Multinomial model, install/load package
> library(svyVGAM)
Loading required package: VGAM
Loading required package: stats4
Loading required package: splines

Attaching package: 'VGAM'

```

The following objects are masked from 'package:brms':

acat, cratio, cumulative, dfrechet, dirichlet, exponential, frechet, geometric, lognormal, multinomial, negbinomial, pfrechet, qfrechet, rfrechet, s, sratio

The following object is masked from 'package:survey':

calibrate

Warning messages:

- 1: package 'svyVGAM' was built under R version 4.4.3
- 2: package 'VGAM' was built under R version 4.4.3

```
> # run model for Table 9.2
```

```
> ex9_2_6 <- svy_vglm(wkstat3c ~ factor(ag4cat) + factor(sex) + ald + mde + factor(ed4cat) +  
+ factor(mar3cat), family=multinomial(refLevel=1), design=ncsrsvyp2)
```

```
> summary(ex9_2_6)
```

```
svy_vglm.survey.design(wkstat3c ~ factor(ag4cat) + factor(sex) +  
ald + mde + factor(ed4cat) + factor(mar3cat), family = multinomial(refLevel = 1),  
design = ncsrsvyp2)
```

Stratified 1 - level Cluster Sampling design (with replacement)

With (84) clusters.

```
svydesign(strata = ~sestrat, id = ~seclustr, weights = ~ncsrwtlg,  
data = ncsrp2, nest = T)
```

	Coef	SE	z	p
(Intercept):1	-2.036998	0.268139	-7.5968	3.035e-14
(Intercept):2	-1.019730	0.156598	-6.5118	7.427e-11
factor(ag4cat)2:1	-0.852391	0.294547	-2.8939	0.0038048
factor(ag4cat)2:2	-0.316445	0.128783	-2.4572	0.0140025
factor(ag4cat)3:1	-0.837701	0.258104	-3.2456	0.0011721
factor(ag4cat)3:2	0.064993	0.170881	0.3803	0.7036929
factor(ag4cat)4:1	1.828395	0.294691	6.2044	5.489e-10
factor(ag4cat)4:2	2.380607	0.173400	13.7290	< 2.2e-16
factor(sex)2:1	1.393197	0.197640	7.0492	1.800e-12
factor(sex)2:2	0.640256	0.110040	5.8184	5.941e-09
ald:1	-0.163781	0.356951	-0.4588	0.6463534
ald:2	0.333248	0.130242	2.5587	0.0105071
mde:1	-0.139756	0.157245	-0.8888	0.3741209
mde:2	0.098522	0.087975	1.1199	0.2627619
factor(ed4cat)2:1	-0.847040	0.235396	-3.5984	0.0003202
factor(ed4cat)2:2	-0.651401	0.141019	-4.6192	3.851e-06
factor(ed4cat)3:1	-1.365302	0.257515	-5.3018	1.146e-07
factor(ed4cat)3:2	-0.916942	0.146494	-6.2593	3.868e-10
factor(ed4cat)4:1	-1.730957	0.310488	-5.5750	2.476e-08
factor(ed4cat)4:2	-1.229501	0.159589	-7.7042	1.317e-14
factor(mar3cat)2:1	-0.589903	0.225228	-2.6191	0.0088152
factor(mar3cat)2:2	-0.052263	0.105011	-0.4977	0.6187010
factor(mar3cat)3:1	-2.784566	0.380263	-7.3227	2.430e-13
factor(mar3cat)3:2	0.552789	0.132363	4.1763	2.963e-05

```
> coef(ex9_2_6)
```

(Intercept):1	(Intercept):2	factor(ag4cat)2:1	factor(ag4cat)2:2	factor(ag4cat)3:1
-2.03699802	-1.01972961	-0.85239068	-0.31644499	-0.83770055
factor(ag4cat)3:2	factor(ag4cat)4:1	factor(ag4cat)4:2	factor(sex)2:1	factor(sex)2:2
0.06499308	1.82839494	2.38060666	1.39319687	0.64025553
ald:1	ald:2	mde:1	mde:2	factor(ed4cat)2:1
-0.16378133	0.33324772	-0.13975600	0.09852204	-0.84703977
factor(ed4cat)2:2	factor(ed4cat)3:1	factor(ed4cat)3:2	factor(ed4cat)4:1	factor(ed4cat)4:2

```

-0.65140124      -1.36530168      -0.91694203      -1.73095701      -1.22950065
factor(mar3cat)2:1 factor(mar3cat)2:2 factor(mar3cat)3:1 factor(mar3cat)3:2
-0.58990261      -0.05226339      -2.78456611      0.55278909

```

```
> confint(ex9_2_6)
```

```

                2.5 %      97.5 %
(Intercept):1      -2.56254040 -1.51145565
(Intercept):2      -1.32665625 -0.71280297
factor(ag4cat)2:1  -1.42969183 -0.27508953
factor(ag4cat)2:2  -0.56885472 -0.06403526
factor(ag4cat)3:1  -1.34357549 -0.33182562
factor(ag4cat)3:2  -0.26992840  0.39991455
factor(ag4cat)4:1   1.25081059  2.40597929
factor(ag4cat)4:2   2.04074982  2.72046351
factor(sex)2:1      1.00583012  1.78056362
factor(sex)2:2      0.42458200  0.85592907
ald:1               -0.86339287  0.53583022
ald:2               0.07797766  0.58851779
mde:1               -0.44794980  0.16843781
mde:2               -0.07390577  0.27094984
factor(ed4cat)2:1  -1.30840783 -0.38567172
factor(ed4cat)2:2  -0.92779316 -0.37500933
factor(ed4cat)3:1  -1.87002102 -0.86058234
factor(ed4cat)3:2  -1.20406408 -0.62981998
factor(ed4cat)4:1  -2.33950148 -1.12241254
factor(ed4cat)4:2  -1.54228852 -0.91671278
factor(mar3cat)2:1 -1.03134068 -0.14846455
factor(mar3cat)2:2 -0.25808212  0.15355533
factor(mar3cat)3:1 -3.52986728 -2.03926494
factor(mar3cat)3:2  0.29336273  0.81221545

```

```
> exp(coef(ex9_2_6))
```

```

(Intercept):1      (Intercept):2  factor(ag4cat)2:1  factor(ag4cat)2:2  factor(ag4cat)3:1
0.13041964         0.36069246     0.42639434        0.72873510        0.43270436
factor(ag4cat)3:2  factor(ag4cat)4:1  factor(ag4cat)4:2  factor(sex)2:1     factor(sex)2:2
1.06715164         6.22388892     10.81145980       4.02770553        1.89696556
ald:1              ald:2            mde:1              mde:2             factor(ed4cat)2:1
0.84892764         1.39549295     0.86957039        1.10353872        0.42868205
factor(ed4cat)2:2  factor(ed4cat)3:1  factor(ed4cat)3:2  factor(ed4cat)4:1  factor(ed4cat)4:2
0.52131478         0.25530364     0.39973956        0.17711483        0.29243857
factor(mar3cat)2:1 factor(mar3cat)2:2 factor(mar3cat)3:1 factor(mar3cat)3:2
0.55438127         0.94907885     0.06175588        1.73809396

```

```
> # Note that intercepts and signs differ from other software due to differences in how reference groups/intercepts are handled but the conclusions are similar
```

**# NOTE: MARGINAL EFFECTS EXAMPLES ARE FORTHCOMING, CHECK WEBSITE FOR UPDATES!**

```

> # Alternate Bayesian approach for Section 9.2.6.1
> library(csSampling)
>
> # Part 2 of the NCS-R survey, use correct weight ncsrwtlg in filter and design set up
> ncsr$marcatc <- factor(ncsr$mar3cat, levels = 1:3, labels = c("Married", "Previously Married", "Never
Married"))
> ncsr$edcatc <- factor(ncsr$ed4cat, levels = 1:4, labels = c("0-11", "12", "13-15", "16+"))
> ncsr$sexc <- factor(ncsr$sex, levels = 1:2, labels = c("Male", "Female"))
> ncsr$sexc <- relevel(ncsr$sexc, ref = "Female")
> ncsr$agcatc <- factor(ncsr$ag4cat, levels = 1:4, labels = c("18-29", "30-44", "45-59", "60+"))
> ncsr$wkstatc <- factor(ncsr$wkstat3c, levels = 1:3, labels = c("Emp", "Unemp", "NLF"))
>
> ncsr.lg <- ncsr[!is.na(ncsr$ncsrwtlg),]
>
> # Create complete data set with variables of interest
> ncsr.red <- ncsr.lg[, c("wkstatc", "marcatc", "edcatc", "sexc", "agcatc", "ald", "mde", "seclustr", "sestrat",
"ncsrwtlg")]
> ncsr.red <- ncsr.red[complete.cases(ncsr.red),]
>
> # Normalize weights to match what is done for Stan modeling
> ncsr.red$wtsc <- ncsr.red$ncsrwtlg / mean(ncsr.red$ncsrwtlg)
>
> # Survey design object
> ncsr.des <- svydesign(id = ~seclustr, strata = ~sestrat, weights = ~wtsc, nest = T, data = ncsr.red)
>
> # Bayesian approach, flat prior
> set.seed(41279)
> model_formula <- formula("wkstatc|weights(wtsc) ~ sexc + ald + mde + edcatc + agcatc + marcatc")
> mod.brms <- cs_sampling_brms(svydes = ncsr.des, brmsmod = brmsformula(model_formula), data = ncsr.red, family
= categorical(link = "logit"))
[1] "compiling stan model"
[1] "stan fitting"

```

SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'anon\_model' NOW (CHAIN 1).

Chain 1:

Chain 1: Gradient evaluation took 0.006374 seconds

Chain 1: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 63.74 seconds.

Chain 1: Adjust your expectations accordingly!

Chain 1:

Chain 1:

Chain 1: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)

Chain 1: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)

Chain 1: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)

Chain 1: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)

Chain 1: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)

Chain 1: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)

Chain 1: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)

Chain 1: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)

Chain 1: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)

Chain 1: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)

Chain 1: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)

Chain 1: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)

Chain 1:

Chain 1: Elapsed Time: 93.945 seconds (Warm-up)

Chain 1: 84.54 seconds (Sampling)

Chain 1: 178.485 seconds (Total)

Chain 1:

```
[1] "gradient evaluation"
Warning message:
In mrbweights(design$cluster, design$strata, design$fpc, ...) :
  Design is sampled with replacement: only first stage used
> mod.brms$stan_fit
Inference for Stan model: anon_model.
1 chains, each with iter=2000; warmup=1000; thin=1;
post-warmup draws per chain=1000, total post-warmup draws=1000.
```

	mean	se_mean	sd	2.5%	25%	50%	75%	97.5%	n_eff	Rhat
b_muUnemp[1]	-1.40	0.00	0.15	-1.70	-1.50	-1.40	-1.29	-1.10	1207	1
b_muUnemp[2]	-0.22	0.01	0.40	-1.11	-0.46	-0.19	0.05	0.51	1384	1
b_muUnemp[3]	-0.15	0.00	0.19	-0.50	-0.27	-0.14	-0.02	0.23	1639	1
b_muUnemp[4]	-0.84	0.01	0.17	-1.18	-0.95	-0.84	-0.72	-0.50	1133	1
b_muUnemp[5]	-1.37	0.01	0.20	-1.75	-1.50	-1.37	-1.24	-0.97	1024	1
b_muUnemp[6]	-1.73	0.01	0.23	-2.17	-1.90	-1.74	-1.58	-1.27	1131	1
b_muUnemp[7]	-0.85	0.01	0.23	-1.33	-1.00	-0.85	-0.69	-0.40	910	1
b_muUnemp[8]	-0.84	0.01	0.25	-1.32	-1.01	-0.83	-0.68	-0.37	1072	1
b_muUnemp[9]	1.84	0.01	0.22	1.41	1.70	1.84	1.99	2.25	984	1
b_muUnemp[10]	-0.59	0.00	0.16	-0.90	-0.70	-0.59	-0.48	-0.25	1231	1
b_muUnemp[11]	-2.86	0.01	0.49	-3.96	-3.16	-2.82	-2.51	-2.01	1091	1
Intercept_muUnemp	-3.33	0.00	0.13	-3.61	-3.41	-3.32	-3.24	-3.07	1057	1
b_muNLF[1]	-0.64	0.00	0.07	-0.79	-0.69	-0.64	-0.59	-0.50	1789	1
b_muNLF[2]	0.33	0.00	0.14	0.04	0.24	0.33	0.43	0.60	1842	1
b_muNLF[3]	0.10	0.00	0.09	-0.07	0.04	0.10	0.16	0.27	1818	1
b_muNLF[4]	-0.65	0.00	0.10	-0.85	-0.72	-0.65	-0.59	-0.46	955	1
b_muNLF[5]	-0.92	0.00	0.10	-1.12	-0.99	-0.92	-0.85	-0.73	1005	1
b_muNLF[6]	-1.23	0.00	0.11	-1.43	-1.30	-1.23	-1.16	-1.01	989	1
b_muNLF[7]	-0.32	0.00	0.11	-0.53	-0.39	-0.32	-0.25	-0.13	961	1
b_muNLF[8]	0.06	0.00	0.11	-0.17	-0.01	0.06	0.14	0.27	820	1
b_muNLF[9]	2.39	0.00	0.13	2.14	2.30	2.39	2.47	2.63	851	1
b_muNLF[10]	-0.05	0.00	0.09	-0.23	-0.12	-0.05	0.01	0.14	1449	1
b_muNLF[11]	0.55	0.00	0.10	0.36	0.48	0.56	0.62	0.75	1050	1
Intercept_muNLF	-0.94	0.00	0.04	-1.01	-0.97	-0.94	-0.92	-0.87	1444	1
lprior	-4.86	0.00	0.06	-4.98	-4.89	-4.85	-4.81	-4.74	1071	1
b_muUnemp_Intercept	-0.66	0.01	0.23	-1.08	-0.81	-0.66	-0.50	-0.21	823	1
b_muNLF_Intercept	-0.38	0.00	0.13	-0.63	-0.46	-0.38	-0.29	-0.12	929	1
lp__	-3700.72	0.16	3.50	-3708.20	-3703.03	-3700.30	-3698.18	-3695.02	502	1

Samples were drawn using NUTS(diag\_e) at Sun Apr 13 13:44:47 2025.  
For each parameter, n\_eff is a crude measure of effective sample size,  
and Rhat is the potential scale reduction factor on split chains (at  
convergence, Rhat=1).

```

> # Ordinal Regression with Russian Federation Data, Section 9.3.6
> load ("P:\\ASDA3\\Data Sets for Analysis Examples and Stata R Code\\ess6_russia.rdata")
>
> # Prepare needed outcome variable
> ess6_russia$stflife2[ess6_russia$stflife >= 0 & ess6_russia$stflife <= 1] <- 1
> ess6_russia$stflife2[ess6_russia$stflife >= 2 & ess6_russia$stflife <= 4] <- 2
> ess6_russia$stflife2[ess6_russia$stflife == 5] <- 3
> ess6_russia$stflife2[ess6_russia$stflife >= 6 & ess6_russia$stflife <= 8] <- 4
> ess6_russia$stflife2[ess6_russia$stflife >= 9 & ess6_russia$stflife <= 10] <- 5
>
> rfdata_c9 <- ess6_russia
> summary(rfdata_c9)

```

idno	psu	stratify	tvttot	trstplc	vote
Min. : 1	Min. : 101.0	Length:2484	Min. :0.000	Min. : 0.000	Min. :1.000
1st Qu.:2526	1st Qu.: 301.8	Class :character	1st Qu.:3.000	1st Qu.: 1.000	1st Qu.:1.000
Median :4518	Median : 412.0	Mode :character	Median :4.000	Median : 3.000	Median :1.000
Mean :4354	Mean : 71013.6		Mean :4.394	Mean : 3.486	Mean :1.394
3rd Qu.:6309	3rd Qu.: 805.0		3rd Qu.:7.000	3rd Qu.: 5.000	3rd Qu.:2.000
Max. :8996	Max. :732807.0		Max. :7.000	Max. :10.000	Max. :3.000
			NA's :58	NA's :94	NA's :20

  

stflife	stfeco	gn dr	agea	eisc ed	dweight
Min. : 0.000	Min. : 0.000	Min. :1.000	Min. :15.00	Min. :1.000	Min. :0.1561
1st Qu.: 4.000	1st Qu.: 2.000	1st Qu.:1.000	1st Qu.:30.00	1st Qu.:4.000	1st Qu.:0.5709
Median : 6.000	Median : 4.000	Median :2.000	Median :45.00	Median :5.000	Median :0.8838
Mean : 5.786	Mean : 3.806	Mean :1.617	Mean :45.94	Mean :4.973	Mean :1.0000
3rd Qu.: 7.000	3rd Qu.: 5.000	3rd Qu.:2.000	3rd Qu.:60.00	3rd Qu.:7.000	3rd Qu.:1.2767
Max. :10.000	Max. :10.000	Max. :2.000	Max. :90.00	Max. :7.000	Max. :4.0000
NA's :26	NA's :122		NA's :6		

  

pspwght	male	agecat	marcat	stflife2
Min. :0.1025	Min. :0.0000	Min. :1.00	Min. :1.000	Min. :1.000
1st Qu.:0.5710	1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.:2.00	1st Qu.:1.000	1st Qu.:2.000
Median :0.8785	Median :0.0000	Median :3.00	Median :2.000	Median :4.000
Mean :1.0000	Mean :0.3829	Mean :2.54	Mean :1.804	Mean :3.363
3rd Qu.:1.2769	3rd Qu.:1.0000	3rd Qu.:4.00	3rd Qu.:2.000	3rd Qu.:4.000
Max. :4.0045	Max. :1.0000	Max. :4.00	Max. :3.000	Max. :5.000
		NA's :6	NA's :40	NA's :26

```

>
> # Create factor variable
> rfdata_c9$marcatc <- factor(rfdata_c9$marcat, levels = 1:3, labels =c("Married", "Previous", "Never"))
> str(rfdata_c9)
'data.frame': 2484 obs. of 18 variables:
 $ idno : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 14 17 ...
 $ psu : int 122807 122807 122807 122807 122807 122807 122807 122807 101807 110807 ...
 $ stratify: chr "Central FO" "Central FO" "Central FO" "Central FO" ...
 $ tvttot : int 0 4 1 4 2 4 4 2 1 7 ...
 $ trstplc : int 1 2 2 5 3 3 2 2 NA 5 ...
 $ vote : int 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 ...
 $ stflife : int 7 7 5 7 8 8 8 3 6 8 ...
 $ STFECO : int 5 5 8 5 4 6 6 4 6 NA ...
 $ gn dr : int 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 2 ...
 $ agea : int 22 27 23 27 23 29 30 29 36 72 ...
 $ eisc ed : int 4 5 7 5 7 7 7 5 7 4 ...
 $ dweight : num 1.117 1.489 0.372 1.117 1.117 ...
 $ pspwght : num 1.177 1.381 0.401 1.035 1.204 ...
 $ male : int 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 ...
 $ agecat : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 4 ...
 $ marcat : int 3 3 3 3 3 1 3 3 2 2 ...
 $ stflife2: num 4 4 3 4 4 4 4 2 4 4 ...
 $ marcatc : Factor w/ 3 levels "Married","Previous",...: 3 3 3 3 3 1 3 3 2 2 ...

```

```

- attr(*, "written.by")= chr "Stat/Transfer v.16.4.1623.1117"
- attr(*, "var.labels")= chr [1:16] "respondent's identification number" "primary sampling unit"
"stratification" "hours of tv avg. wkday: 0=none 1=< 0.5 hrs 2=.5-1 hrs 3=1-1.5 hrs 4=1.6-2 hrs 5=" ...
>
> rfsvy <- svydesign(strata=~stratify, id=~psu, weights=~pspwght, data=rfddata_c9, nest=T)
>
>
> ex936 <- svymean(~factor(stflife2), design=rfsvy, na.rm=T, se=T, ci=T, keep.vars=T)
> (ex936)

```

	mean	SE
factor(stflife2)1	0.045232	0.0066
factor(stflife2)2	0.200132	0.0135
factor(stflife2)3	0.209219	0.0122
factor(stflife2)4	0.424057	0.0175
factor(stflife2)5	0.121360	0.0092

```

>
> # Ordinal logistic using satisfaction with life, Tables 9.6 and 9.7
> summary(ex936_ordinal <- svyolr (factor(stflife2) ~ factor(agecat) + male + marcatc, design=rfsvy))
Call:
svyolr(factor(stflife2) ~ factor(agecat) + male + marcatc, design = rfsvy)

Coefficients:

```

	Value	Std. Error	t value
factor(agecat)2	-0.5293373	0.13614998	-3.887899
factor(agecat)3	-0.7455312	0.14332027	-5.201855
factor(agecat)4	-0.8080856	0.16561383	-4.879337
male	-0.1096234	0.09523049	-1.151138
marcatcPrevious	-0.2088768	0.10542193	-1.981341
marcatcNever	-0.1371932	0.13208274	-1.038692

```


Intercepts:

```

	Value	Std. Error	t value
1 2	-3.7111	0.2144	-17.3066
2 3	-1.7928	0.1668	-10.7469
3 4	-0.8348	0.1592	-5.2433
4 5	1.3841	0.1536	9.0095

```

(69 observations deleted due to missingness)
> #exp for odds ratio
> exp(ex936_ordinal$coef)

```

factor(agecat)2	factor(agecat)3	factor(agecat)4	male	marcatcPrevious	marcatcNever
0.5889952	0.4744822	0.4457105	0.8961715	0.8114952	0.8718018

```

> # Note test of Proportional Odds not included but there are ways to extend svyolr, see T. Lumley notes online
for details

```

```

> # Bayesian approach Example 9.3.6
> # create complete data set with variables of interest
>
> ess.red <- rfddata_c9[, c("stflife2", "agecat", "marcat", "male", "psu", "stratify", "pspwght")]
> ess.red <- ess.red[complete.cases(ess.red),]
>
> # need to normalize NCS-R weights to match what is done for Stan modeling
> ess.red$wtsc <- ess.red$pspwght / mean(ess.red$pspwght)
>
> # survey design object
> ess.des <- svydesign(id = ~psu, strata = ~stratify, weights = ~wtsc, nest = T, data = ess.red)
>
> # Bayesian approach, flat prior
> set.seed(41279)
> model_formula <- formula("stflife2|weights(wtsc) ~ factor(agecat) + factor(marcat) + male")
>
> # Run model, note the family statement needs the below code, differs from the code in the book (per Matt
Williams)
> mod.brms <- cs_sampling_brms(svydes = ess.des, brmsmod = brmsformula(model_formula),
+ data = ess.red, family = brms::cumulative(link="logit"))
[1] "compiling stan model"
[1] "stan fitting"

```

SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'anon\_model' NOW (CHAIN 1).

Chain 1:

Chain 1: Gradient evaluation took 0.004907 seconds

Chain 1: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 49.07 seconds.

Chain 1: Adjust your expectations accordingly!

Chain 1:

Chain 1:

Chain 1: Iteration: 1 / 2000 [ 0%] (Warmup)

Chain 1: Iteration: 200 / 2000 [ 10%] (Warmup)

Chain 1: Iteration: 400 / 2000 [ 20%] (Warmup)

Chain 1: Iteration: 600 / 2000 [ 30%] (Warmup)

Chain 1: Iteration: 800 / 2000 [ 40%] (Warmup)

Chain 1: Iteration: 1000 / 2000 [ 50%] (Warmup)

Chain 1: Iteration: 1001 / 2000 [ 50%] (Sampling)

Chain 1: Iteration: 1200 / 2000 [ 60%] (Sampling)

Chain 1: Iteration: 1400 / 2000 [ 70%] (Sampling)

Chain 1: Iteration: 1600 / 2000 [ 80%] (Sampling)

Chain 1: Iteration: 1800 / 2000 [ 90%] (Sampling)

Chain 1: Iteration: 2000 / 2000 [100%] (Sampling)

Chain 1:

Chain 1: Elapsed Time: 72.378 seconds (Warm-up)

Chain 1: 85.692 seconds (Sampling)

Chain 1: 158.07 seconds (Total)

Chain 1:

[1] "gradient evaluation"

Warning message:

In mrbweights(design\$cluster, design\$strata, design\$fpc, ...) :

Design is sampled with replacement: only first stage used

```

> mod.brms$stan_fit
Inference for Stan model: anon_model.
1 chains, each with iter=2000; warmup=1000; thin=1;
post-warmup draws per chain=1000, total post-warmup draws=1000.

```

	mean	se_mean	sd	2.5%	25%	50%	75%	97.5%	n_eff	Rhat
b[1]	-0.53	0.00	0.12	-0.77	-0.61	-0.54	-0.45	-0.29	682	1.00
b[2]	-0.75	0.00	0.13	-1.00	-0.84	-0.75	-0.65	-0.50	693	1.00
b[3]	-0.81	0.01	0.14	-1.09	-0.90	-0.81	-0.71	-0.55	637	1.00
b[4]	-0.21	0.00	0.10	-0.39	-0.28	-0.21	-0.14	-0.02	981	1.00
b[5]	-0.14	0.00	0.12	-0.35	-0.22	-0.13	-0.06	0.09	790	1.00
b[6]	-0.11	0.00	0.08	-0.26	-0.16	-0.11	-0.06	0.04	1273	1.00
Intercept[1]	-3.04	0.00	0.09	-3.22	-3.10	-3.04	-2.97	-2.85	680	1.00
Intercept[2]	-1.12	0.00	0.05	-1.22	-1.16	-1.12	-1.09	-1.02	1091	1.00
Intercept[3]	-0.16	0.00	0.04	-0.25	-0.19	-0.16	-0.13	-0.08	1114	1.00
Intercept[4]	2.06	0.00	0.06	1.93	2.02	2.06	2.10	2.18	1005	1.00
disc	1.00	NaN	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	NaN	NaN
lprior	-9.01	0.00	0.05	-9.11	-9.04	-9.01	-8.98	-8.92	882	1.00
b_Intercept[1]	-3.71	0.01	0.15	-4.01	-3.81	-3.71	-3.61	-3.43	425	1.00
b_Intercept[2]	-1.80	0.01	0.13	-2.04	-1.88	-1.79	-1.71	-1.54	487	1.00
b_Intercept[3]	-0.84	0.01	0.12	-1.07	-0.92	-0.84	-0.75	-0.60	544	1.00
b_Intercept[4]	1.38	0.01	0.13	1.12	1.30	1.39	1.47	1.61	557	1.00
lp__	-3375.75	0.10	2.09	-3380.47	-3377.07	-3375.49	-3374.16	-3372.51	454	1.01

Samples were drawn using NUTS(diag\_e) at Sun Apr 13 13:57:49 2025.  
For each parameter, n\_eff is a crude measure of effective sample size,  
and Rhat is the potential scale reduction factor on split chains (at  
convergence, Rhat=1).

```

> # Count Outcomes Section 9.4
> # HRS data for Poisson Regression using Number of Falls

> # Poisson model
> summary(hrs12)
      hhid                pn                r11bmi                nage                nfinr                gender                secu
stratum
  Length:20554      Length:20554      Min.   : 8.9      Min.   : 20.00      Min.   :1.000      Min.   :1.000      Min.
:1.000      Min.   : 1.00
  Class :character      Class :character      1st Qu.:24.3      1st Qu.: 57.00      1st Qu.:1.000      1st Qu.:1.000      1st
Qu.:1.000      1st Qu.:17.00
  Mode  :character      Mode  :character      Median :27.5      Median : 65.00      Median :1.000      Median :2.000      Median
:1.000      Median :32.00
                                     Mean  :28.5      Mean   : 66.81      Mean   :2.237      Mean   :1.584      Mean
:1.489      Mean   :29.89
                                     3rd Qu.:31.7      3rd Qu.: 75.00      3rd Qu.:5.000      3rd Qu.:2.000      3rd
Qu.:2.000      3rd Qu.:43.00
                                     Max.   :83.0      Max.   :103.00      Max.   :5.000      Max.   :2.000      Max.
:2.000      Max.   :56.00
                                     NA's   :310      NA's   :1
      nwgthh                nwgtr                h11atota                h11itot                marcat                edcat                racecat
diabetes
  Min.   : 0      Min.   : 0      Min.   :-1510000      Min.   : 0      Min.   :1.000      Min.   :1.00      Min.
:1.000      Min.   :0.0000
  1st Qu.: 1746      1st Qu.: 1738      1st Qu.: 13962      1st Qu.: 17406      1st Qu.:1.000      1st Qu.:2.00      1st
Qu.:2.000      1st Qu.:0.0000
  Median : 3358      Median : 3479      Median : 118000      Median : 35000      Median :1.000      Median :2.00      Median
:2.000      Median :0.0000
  Mean   : 4339      Mean   : 4413      Mean   : 375979      Mean   : 61455      Mean   :1.471      Mean   :2.49      Mean
:2.119      Mean   :0.2402
  3rd Qu.: 5536      3rd Qu.: 5692      3rd Qu.: 386000      3rd Qu.: 70573      3rd Qu.:2.000      3rd Qu.:3.00      3rd
Qu.:2.000      3rd Qu.:0.0000
  Max.   :17875      Max.   :19866      Max.   :43921209      Max.   :3666240      Max.   :3.000      Max.   :4.00      Max.
:4.000      Max.   :1.0000
                                     NA's   :12      NA's   :100      NA's   :37
NA's   :18
      numfalls24                age65p                arthritis
  Min.   : 0.000      Min.   :0.0000      Min.   :0.0000
  1st Qu.: 0.000      1st Qu.:0.0000      1st Qu.:0.0000
  Median : 0.000      Median :1.0000      Median :1.0000
  Mean   : 1.191      Mean   :0.5223      Mean   :0.5687
  3rd Qu.: 1.000      3rd Qu.:1.0000      3rd Qu.:1.0000
  Max.   :50.000      Max.   :1.0000      Max.   :1.0000
  NA's   :9959      NA's   :27
>
> # Create variables for example
> hrs12$nage_c=(hrs12$nage - 74.5)
> hrs12$bmi_c=(hrs12$r11bmi - 27.7)
> hrs12$male=(hrs12$gender ==1)
>
> # Create Design Object and then subset for 65 Plus
> hrssvyr <- svydesign(strata=~stratum, id=~secu, weights=~nwgtr , data=hrs12, nest=T)
> summary(hrssvyr)
Stratified 1 - level Cluster Sampling design (with replacement)
With (112) clusters.
svydesign(strata = ~stratum, id = ~secu, weights = ~nwgtr, data = hrs12,
  nest = T)
Probabilities:
      Min.      1st Qu.      Median      Mean      3rd Qu.      Max.

```

```

5.034e-05 1.757e-04 2.874e-04      Inf 5.754e-04      Inf
Stratum Sizes:
      1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
27 28 29 30 31 32 33
obs      352 627 366 333 276 334 384 403 367 334 261 370 209 159 177 136 276 185 295 371 332 182 107 68 83 302
588 432 499 533 514 457 560
design.PSU  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
2  2  2  2  2  2  2
actual.PSU  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
2  2  2  2  2  2  2
      34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56
obs      483 306 542 196 370 366 669 510 489 777 691 601 687 447 297 333 685 548 153 145 56 179 152
design.PSU  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2
actual.PSU  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2  2

```

```

Data variables:
 [1] "hhid"      "pn"          "r11bmi"      "nage"        "nfinr"       "gender"      "secu"        "stratum"
"nwgthh"     "nwgtr"
[11] "h11atota"  "h11itot"    "marcat"      "edcat"       "racecat"     "diabetes"    "numfalls24"  "age65p"
"arthritis"  "nage_c"
[21] "bmi_c"     "male"
> hrssvy65 <- subset(hrssvyr, age65p==1)
>
> # Table 9.10
> summary(ex947_poisson <- svyglm(numfalls24 ~ male + nage_c + arthritis + diabetes + bmi_c, design=hrssvy65,
family=quasipoisson(log)))

```

```

Call:
svyglm(formula = numfalls24 ~ male + nage_c + arthritis + diabetes +
      bmi_c, design = hrssvy65, family = quasipoisson(log))

```

```

Survey design:
subset(hrssvyr, age65p == 1)

```

```

Coefficients:
      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -0.635588  0.074371  -8.546 3.33e-11 ***
maleTRUE     0.257180  0.080487   3.195 0.002470 **
nage_c       0.014666  0.004425   3.314 0.001753 **
arthritis    0.736177  0.077384   9.513 1.26e-12 ***
diabetes     0.247533  0.070193   3.526 0.000938 ***
bmi_c       0.004126  0.008402   0.491 0.625615
---

```

```

Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```

(Dispersion parameter for quasipoisson family taken to be 8.755473)

```

```

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6

```

```

Warning messages:
1: In summary.glm(g) :
  observations with zero weight not used for calculating dispersion
2: In summary.glm(glm.object) :
  observations with zero weight not used for calculating dispersion
> coefficients <- exp(coef(ex947_poisson))
> coefficients
(Intercept)  maleTRUE      nage_c  arthritis  diabetes    bmi_c
  0.5296241  1.2932785  1.0147744  2.0879372  1.2808623  1.0041347
> ci_exp <- exp(confint(ex947_poisson))
> ci_exp

```

```

                2.5 %    97.5 %
(Intercept) 0.4560648 0.6150479
maleTRUE    1.1000451 1.5204551
nage_c      1.0057858 1.0238433
arthritis   1.7870864 2.4394353
diabetes    1.1122679 1.4750117
bmi_c       0.9873131 1.0212430
>
> # NB model to compare to Poisson Table 9.10
> ex947_negb <- svyglm(numfalls24 ~ male + nage_c + arthritis + diabetes + bmi_c,
+   design=hrssvy65, family=negative.binomial(theta = 1))
Warning messages:
1: In summary.glm(g) :
  observations with zero weight not used for calculating dispersion
2: In summary.glm(glm.object) :
  observations with zero weight not used for calculating dispersion
> coef <- exp(coef(ex947_negb))
> coef
(Intercept)    maleTRUE      nage_c    arthritis    diabetes      bmi_c
  0.5293307    1.2796596    1.0155015    2.0951312    1.2940333    1.0021968
> ci_exp <- exp(confint(ex947_negb))
> ci_exp
                2.5 %    97.5 %
(Intercept) 0.4525874 0.6190871
maleTRUE    1.0839844 1.5106570
nage_c      1.0065198 1.0245634
arthritis   1.7853432 2.4586728
diabetes    1.1262038 1.4868732
bmi_c       0.9860914 1.0185652
>
> # Zero Inflated Negative Binomial not easily done but with use of extensions to R tools and the csSampling
package, it can be done using a Frequentist or
> # Bayesian Method, check our website for more examples to come!

```